



<p>The xylem transports water (H₂O) from the roots to the leaf.</p>	<p>The chlorophyll inside the leaf's chloroplasts takes in energy from the Sun.</p>	<p>Water (H₂O) is separated into hydrogen ions (H⁺) and oxygen (O₂).</p>
<p>Oxygen (O₂) exits the leaf through its stomatal pores.</p>	<p>The leaf takes in carbon dioxide (CO₂) through its stomatal pores.</p>	<p>Carbon dioxide (CO₂) and hydrogen ions (H⁺) combine to form simple carbohydrates.</p>
<p>The simple carbohydrates are processed further to make glucose (C₆H₁₂O₆), which is also a simple carbohydrate.</p>	<p>Glucose can also be turned into complex carbohydrates like starch and cellulose.</p>	<p>The phloem transports carbohydrates produced in the leaf to other parts of the plant (some also stay to be used in the leaf).</p>

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